Pediatric Use

Sofety and effectiveness have been established in the pediatric population from birth to 16 years. (See **DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION.)**

Geriatric Use

Clinical studies with nystatin topical powder did not include sufficient numbers of subjects aged 65 years and older to determine whether they respond differently than younger subjects.

Other reported clinical experience has not identified differences in responses between elderly and younger patients, but greater sensitivity of some older individuals cannot be ruled out. **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

The frequency of adverse events reported in patients using nystatin topical powder is less than 0.1 %. The more common events that were reported include allergic reactions, burning, itching, rash, eczema, and pain on application. (See PRECAUTIONS, General.)

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Very moist lesions are best treated with the topical dusting powder.

Adults and Pediatric Patients (Neonates and Older)

Apply to candidal lesions two or three times daily until healing is complete. For fungal infection of the feet caused by *Candida* species, the powder should be dusted on the feet, as well as, in all foot wear.

HOW SUPPLIED

Nystatin topical powder, USP is supplied as 100, 000 units nystatin per gram in plastic squeeze bottles:
15 g (NDC 43386-530-01)

30 g (NDC 43386-530-02) 56.7 g (NDC 43386-530-05) 60 g (NDC 43386-530-06)

STORAGE

Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature]; avoid excessive heat (40°C/104°F).

Keep tightly closed.

Manufactured by:

Novel Laboratories, Inc.

Somerset, NJ 08873 ÚSA

Distributed by:

GAVIS Pharmaceuticals, LLC

Somerset, NJ 08873 USA

Revised: 01/2015

Rx only



Somerset, NJ 08873

lanufactured by: Novel Laboratories, Inc.

Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature]; avoid excessive heat (40°C/104°F).

Keep tightly closed.

See insert for complete prescribing information



「opical Powder, USP

Each gram contains 100 units dispersed in talc. FOR TOPICAL USE ONLY Not for Ophthalmic Use gram contains 100,000 USP

NDC 43386-**530**-0

Usual Dosage: Apply to affected area 2 or 3 times daily. nystatir

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NYSTATIN TOPICAL POWDER, USP

FOR TOPICAL USE ONLY. NOT FOR OPHTHALMIC USE.

DESCRIPTION

Nystatin is a polyene antifungal antibiotic obtained from *Streptomyces noursei*. The molecular formula for Nystatin is C₄₇H₇₅NO₁₇. The molecular weight of Nystatin is 926.1.

Nystatin topical powder is for dermatologic use.

Nystatin topical powder contains 100,000 USP nystatin units per gram dispersed in talc.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Pharmacokinetics

Nystatin is not absorbed from intact skin or mucous membrane.

Microbiology

Nystatin is an antibiotic which is both fungistatic and fungicidal *in vitro* against a wide variety of yeasts and yeast-like fungi, including Candida albicans, C. parapsilosis, C. tropicalis, C. guilliermondi, C. pseudotropicalis, C. krusei, Torulopsis glabrata, Tricophyton rubrum, T.

Nystatin acts by binding to sterols in the cell membrane of susceptible species resulting in a change in membrane permeability and the subsequent leakage of intracellular component On repeated subculturing with increasing levels of nystatin, Candida albicans does not develop resistance to mystafin. Generally, resistance to mystafin does not develop during therapy. However, other species of Candida (C. tropicalis, C. guilliermondi, C. krusei, and C. stellatoides) become quite resistant on treatment with nystatin and simultaneously become cross resistant to amphotericin as well. This resistance is lost when the antibiotic is removed.

Nystatin exhibits no appreciable activity against bacteria, protozoa, or viruses. **INDICATIONS AND USAGE**

Nystatin topical powder is indicated in the treatment of cutaneous or mucocutaneous mycotic infections caused by Candida albicans and other susceptible Candida species.

Nystatin topical powder is not indicated for systemic, oral, intravaginal or ophthalmic use

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Nystatin topical powder is contraindicated in patients with a history of hypersensitivity to any of its components.

PRECAUTIONS

General

Nystatin topical powder should not be used for the treatment of systemic, oral, intravaginal or ophthalmic infections.

If irritation or sensitization develops, treatment should be discontinued and appropriate measures taken as indicated. It is recommended that KOH smears, cultures, or other diagnostic methods be used to confirm the diagnosis of cutaneous or mucocutaneous candidiasis and to rule out infection caused by other pathogens.

INFORMATION FOR THE PATIENT

- Patients using this medication should receive the following information and instructions: 1. The patient should be instructed to use this medication as directed (including the
- replacement of missed doses). This medication is not for any disorder other than that for which it is prescribed.
- 2. Even if symptomatic relief occurs within the first few days of treatment, the patient should be advised not to interrupt or discontinue therapy until the prescribed course of treatment is completed.
- 3. If symptoms of irritation develop, the patient should be advised to notify the physician promptly.

Laboratory Tests

If there is a lack of therapeutic response, KOH smears, cultures, or other diagnostic methods should be repeated

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility
No long-term animal studies have been performed to evaluate the carcinogenic potential of
nystatin. No studies have been performed to determine the mutagenicity of nystatin or its effects on male or female fertility.

Pregnancy Teratogenic Effects

Category C

Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with any nystatin topical preparation. It also is not known whether these preparations can cause fetal harm when used by a pregnant woman or can affect reproductive capacity. Nystatin topical powder should be prescribed for a pregnant woman only if the potential benefit to the mother outweighs the potential risk to the

Nursing Mothers

It is not known whether nystatin is excreted in human milk. Caution should be exercised when nystatin is prescribed for a nursing woman.

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Pediatric Use

Safety and effectiveness have been established in the pediatric population from birth to 16 years. (See DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION.)

Geriatric Use

Certains Use

Clinical studies with nystatin topical powder did not include sufficient numbers of subjects aged 65 years and older to determine whether they respond differently than younger subjects. Other reported clinical experience has not identified differences in responses between elderly and younger patients, but greater sensitivity of some older individuals cannot be ruled out. **ADVERSE REACTIONS**

The frequency of adverse events reported in patients using nystatin topical powder is less than 0.1 %. The more common events that were reported include allergic reactions, burning, itching, rash, eczema, and pain on application. (See PRECAUTIONS, General.)

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Very moist lesions are best treated with the topical dusting powder.

Adults and Pediatric Patients (Neonates and Older)

Apply to candidal lesions two or three times daily until healing is complete. For fungal infection of the feet caused by Candida species, the powder should be dusted on the feet, as well as in all foot wear.

HOW SUPPLIED

Nystatin topical powder, USP is supplied as 100, 000 units nystatin per gram in plastic squeeze bottles: 15 g (NDC 43386530-01)

30 g (NDC 43386-530-02)

56.7 g (NDC 43386-530-05) 60 g (NDC 43386-530-06)

STORAGE

Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature]; avoid excessive heat (40°C/104°F).

Keep tightly closed.

Manufactured by:

Novel Laboratories, Inc.

Somerset, NJ 08873 USA

Distributed by:

GAVIS Pharmaceuticals, LLC

Somerset, NJ 08873 USA

Revised: 01/2015

Rx only

Topical Powder, USP

100,000 units per gram

Keep fightly dosed

Rx only



Somerset, NJ 08873

Distributed By: **Gavis Pharmaceuticals, LLC**Somerset, NJ 08873 GLB-530-02-0:

USP Controlled Room Temperature]; avoid excessive heat (40°C/104°F). Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F) [Se USP Controlled Room Temperature]; avoid Manufactured by: Novel Laboratories, Inc

Each gram contains 10 units dispersed in talc. Usual Dosage: Apply to affected area
2 or 3 times daily.
See insert for complete prescribing information. FOR TOPICAL USE ONLY Not for Ophthalmic Use

gram contains 100,000 USP nystatin

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NYSTATIN TOPICAL POWDER, USP

FOR TOPICAL USE ONLY.
NOT FOR OPHTHALMIC USE.

DESCRIPTION

Nystatin is a polyene antifungal antibiotic obtained from Streptomyces noursei. The molecular formula for Nystatin is Q_0H_7 5 NO_{17} . The molecular weight of Nystatin is 926.1.

Structural formula: CH₃ CO OH OН

Nystafin topical powder is for dermatologic use. Nystafin topical powder contains 100,000 USP nystatin units per gram dispersed in talc.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Pharmacokinetics

Nystatin is not absorbed from intact skin or mucous membrane.

Microbiology

Nystatin is an antibiotic which is both fungistatic and fungicidal *in vitro* against a wide variety of yeasts and yeast-like fungi, including Candida albicans, C. parapsilosis, C. tropicalis, C. guilliermondi, C. pseudotropicalis, C. krusei, Tarulopsis glabrata, Tricophyton rubrum, T. mentagrophytes.

Nystatin acts by binding to sterols in the cell membrane of susceptible species resulting in a change in membrane permeability and the subsequent leakage of intracellular components. On repeated subculturing with increasing levels of nystatin, Candida albicans does not develop resistance to mystatin. Generally, resistance to mystatin does not develop during therapy. However, other species of Candida (C. tropicalis, C. guilliermondi, C. krusei, and C. stellatoides) become quite resistant on treatment with nystatin and simultaneously become cross resistant to amphoterian as well. This resistance is lost when the antibiotic is removed. Nystatin exhibits no appreciable activity against bacteria, protozoa, or viruses.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Nystatin to pical powder is indicated in the treatment of cuta neous or mucocutaneous mycotic infections caused by Candida albicans and other susceptible Candida species. Nystatin topical powder is not indicated for systemic, oral, intravaginal or

ophthalmic use

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Nystafin topical powder is contraindicated in patients with a history of hypersensitivity to any of its components.

PRECAUTIONS

General

Nystatin to pixal powder should not be used for the treatment of systemic, oral, intravaginal or ophthalmic infections.
If initation or sensitization develops, treatment should be discontinued and appropriate

measures taken as indicated. It is recommended that KOH smears, cultures, or other diagnostic methods be used to confirm the diagnosis of cutaneous or mucocutaneous candidiasis and to rule out infection caused by other pathogens.

INFORMATION FOR THE PATIENT

Patients using this medication should receive the following information and instructions:

- The patient should be instructed to use this medication as directed (including the replacement of missed doses). This medication is not for any disorder other than that for which it is prescribed.
- 2 Even if symptomatic relief occurs within the first few days of treatment, the patient should be advised not to interrupt or discontinue therapy until the prescribed course of treatment is completed.
- 3. If symptoms of irritation develop, the patient should be advised to notify the physician promptly.

Laboratory Tests

If there is a lack of therapeutic response, KOH smears, cultures, or other diagnostic methods should be repeated.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility
No long-term animal studies have been performed to evaluate the carcinogenic potential of nystatin. No studies have been performed to determine the mutagenicity of nystatin or its effects on male or female fertility.

Pregnancy

Teratogenic Effects

Category C

Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with any nystatin topical preparation. It also is not known whether these preparations can cause fetal harm when used by a pregnant woman or can affect reproductive capacity. Nystatin topical powder should be prescribed for a pregnant woman only if the potential benefit to the mother outweighs the potential risk to the fetus.

Nursing Mothers

It is not known whether nystatin is excreted in human milk. Caution should be exercised when nystatin is prescribed for a nursing woman.

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Geriatric Use

Clinical studies with nystatin topical powder did not include sufficient numbers of subjects aged 65 years and older to determine whether they respond differently than younger subjects. Other reported clinical experience has not identified differences in responses between elderly and younger patients, but greater sensitivity of some older individuals cannot be ruled out.

The frequency of adverse events reported in patients using nystatin topical powder is less than 0.1 %. The more common events that were reported indude allergic reactions, burning, itching, rash, excema, and pain on application. (See PRECA UTIONS, General.)

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

Very moist lesions are best treated with the topical dusting powder.

Adults and Pediatric Patients (Neonates and Older)
Apply to condidal lesions two or three times daily until healing is complete. For fungal infection of the feet caused by Candida species, the powder should be dusted on the feet, as well as, in all foot wear.

HOW SUPPLIED

Nystat in topical powder, USP is supplied as 100, 000 units nystat in per gram in plastic squeeze bottles: 15 g (NDC 43386-530-01) 30 g (NDC 43386-530-02)

56.7 g (NDC 43386-530-05) 60 g (NDC 43386-530-06)

STORAGE

Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F) [See USP Controlled Room Temperature]; avoid excessive heat (40°C/104°F).

Keep tightly closed.

Manufactured by:

Nove I Laboratories, Inc.

Somerset, NJ 08 873 ÚSA

Distributed by:

GAVIS Pharmaceuticals, LLC Somerset, NJ 08 873 USA

Issued: 01/2015

Rxonly

PHARMACEUTICALS

NDC 43386-530-06

Topical Powder, USP

100,000 units per gram

Each gram contains 100,000 USP units dispersed in tolc. FOR TOPICAL USE ONLY Not for Ophthalmic Use Usual Dosage: Apply to affected area 2 or 3 times daily. n gram contains 100,000 USP nystatin s dispersed in talc. Lift Here

information.

Keep tightly desed.

Store at 20°C to 25°C (68°F to 77°F)

[See USP Controlled Room See insert for complete prescribing

omerset, NJ 08873

6LB-530-060

Temperature]; avoid excessive heat (40°C/104°F).
Manufactured by:
Novel Laboratories, Inc.
Somersat, NJ 08873
Distributed By:
Gevis Pharmoceuticals, LLC

NYSTATIN TOPICAL POWDER, USP

Rx Only

FOR TOPICAL USE ONLY.

NOT FOR OPHTHALMIC USE.

Nystatin is a polyene antifungal antibiotic obtained from Streptomyces noursei. The molecular formula for Nystatin is $C_{47}H_{75}NO_{17}$. The molecular weight of Nystatin is 926.1.

Structural formula:

Nystatin topical powder is for dermatologic use.

Nystatin topical powder contains 100,000 USP nystatin units per gram dispersed in talc.

CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Pharmaco kinetics Nystatin is not absorbed from intact skin or mucous membrane.

Microbiology

Nystatin is an antibiotic which is both fungistatic and fungialad in vitro against a wide variety of yeasts and yeast-like fungi, including Candida a bicans, C. parapsiosis, C. tropica is, C. guilliermondi, C. pseudotropicalis, C. krusei, Torul opsis glabrata, Tricophyton rubrum, T. mentagrophytes.

Nystatin acts by binding to sterols in the cell membrane of susceptible species resulting in a change in membrane permeability and the subsequent leakage of intracellular components. On repeated subculturing with inaecasing levels of nystatin, Condida albicans does not develop resistance to nystatin. Generally, resistance to nystatin does not develop during therapy. However, other species of Candida (C. tropicalis, C. guilliermondi, C. krusei, and C. stellatoides) become quite resistant on treatment with ny statin and simultaneously become cross resistant to amphoterian as well. This resistance is lost when the antibiotic is removed. Nystatin exhibits no appreciable activity against bacteria, protazoa, or viruses.

INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Nystatin topical powder is indicated in the treatment of cutaneous or mucocutaneous my colic infections caused by Candida albicans and other susceptible Candida species.

Nystatin topical powder is not indicated for systemic, oral, introvaginal or ophthalmic use.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Nystatin topical powder is contraindicated in patients with a history of hypersensitivity to arry of its components.

PRECAUTIONS

General

Nystatin to pical powder should not be used for the treatment of systemic, oral, intravaginal or op htha linic infections. If irritation or sensitization develops, treatment should be discontinued and appropriate measures taken as indicated. It is recommended that KOH smears, cultures, or other diagnostic methods be used to confirm the diagnosis of cutaneous ar mucocutaneous candidiasis and to rule out infection caused by other pathogens.

IN FORMATION FOR THE PATIENT

- Patients using this medication should receive the following information and instructions:

 1. The patient should be instructed to use this medication as directed (including the replacement of missed doses). This medication is not for any disorder other than that for which it is prescribed.
- 2. Even if symptomatic relief occurs within the first few days of treatment, the patient should be advised not to interrupt or discontinue therapy until the prescribed course of treatment is completed.
- 3. If symptoms of irritation develop, the patient should be advised to notify the physician promptly.

Laboratory Tests

If there is a lack of the apeutic response, KOH smears, cultures, or other diagnostic methods should be repeated.

Carcinogenesis, Mutagenesis, Impairment of Fertility

No long-term animal studies have been performed to evaluate the carcinogenic potential of nystatin. No studies have been performed to determine the mutageniaty of nystatin or its effects on male or female fertility.

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Teratogenic Effects

Category C

Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with any my statin topical preparation. It also is not known whether these preparations can cause fetal harm when used by a pregnant woman or can affect reproductive capacity. Nystatin topical powder should be prescribed for a pregnant woman only if the potential benefit to the mother outweighs the potential risk to the fetus.

Nursing Mothers

It is not known whether nystatin is excreted in human milk. Caution should be exercised when nystatin is prescribed for a nursing

Pediatric Use

Safety and effectiveness have been established in the pediatric population from birth to 16 years. (See DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION.)